## **TRICHOTILLOMANIA (0722) (101617)**

Categ	ory: TEMPLATES TO RELEASE			
Schedu	ıled appt type:			
НРІ	Hair Loss / Hair Pulling Onset of symptoms: Sites of the body involved: Does the site involved vary over time (Y/N): Visible noted areas of hair loss (Y/N): Biting, chewing, or swallowing of the pulled hair (Y/N): Repeated attempts to decrease or stop the hair pulling (Y/N): Note attempts to conceal areas of hair loss (makeup, wigs, scarves, etc.)? Does the hair pulling cause clinically significant distress, avoidance of, or impairment in social, occupational, or other areas of functioning? Other noted body-focused repetitive behaviors (skin picking, nail biting, lip biting or chewing)? Noted patient history of OCD or obsessive / compulsive tendencies? Patient history of depression or anxiety (Y/N): Family history of OCD (Y/N):		f the Noted r l,	
freefor ROS Structu				
Pert: feeling scared or anxious				
Pert: fidgety or restless				
Pert: feeling sad				
Reports: hair loss				
Pert: Change in skin tone or texture				
Pert: rashes or dry skin				
Pert: n	Pert: muscle aches (myalgias)			
Pert: h	Pert: high stress levels			
Pert: d	Pert: diffuse abdominal pain			
Structi	ured exam			
Pert: n	Pert: mood & affect			
Pert: ii	Pert: inspection (includes subcutaneous tissue): no rash			
ABNL	ABNL: Findings:			
Pert: a	Pert: abdomen: soft, nontender/nondistended, normal bowel sounds, no mass			
NI · aı	NL: auscultation of heart: regular rate & rhythm, no murmur			

NL: auscultation of lungs: clear & equal breath sounds without rales, rhonchi or wheeze

NL: general appearance: alert, pleasant, not ill appearing, no distress

## Remaining template documentation elements

	When applicable, specific questions for patient: 1. Is hair
	pulling triggered by feelings of
	anxiety or boredom? 2. Is hair
	pulling preceded by an
	increasing sense of stress or
Counsoling	tension? 3. Is there a feeling or
Counseling:	relief or gratification after the
	hair is pulled out? 4. Does hair
	pulling occur in the presence of
	others, outside of immediate
	family? 5. History of any
	substance use (alcohol or
	drugs)?
Coordination	
of Care:	
Diagnosis:	Trichotillomania(F63.3)
	Trichotillomania, consistent
	with DSM5 criteria.
Assessment:	Differential diagnoses
	considered include but not
	limited to alopecia, autism
	Discussion with family about
	hair pulling, including most
	common onset occurring with
	or following the onset of
	puberty. Reviewed that site of
	hair pulling can vary over time,
	and that the course is often
	chronic with waxing and waning if untreated. Discussed
	potential of scarring and affect
	on long-term hair growth.
	Risks of hairballs noted,
	including concerns of
	abdominal pains, weight loss,
	GI blockage. Review of habit
Plan:	reversal training, cognitive
	behavioral therapy, and
	acceptance and commitment
	therapy as part of treatment
	plans. Discussion of treatment
	of co-morbid mental health
	concerns, if applicable.
	Reviewed that there are no specific medications for
	treatment, but that some
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